

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

Pearson Edexcel
Level 3 GCE

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Further Mathematics

Advanced

Paper 1: Core Pure Mathematics 1

Sample Assessment Material for first teaching September 2017

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper Reference

9FM0/01

You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables, calculator

Total Marks

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Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for algebraic manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear.
Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 9 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

1. Prove that

$$\sum_{r=1}^n \frac{1}{(r+1)(r+3)} = \frac{n(an+b)}{12(n+2)(n+3)}$$

where a and b are constants to be found.

(5)

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2. Prove by induction that for all positive integers n ,

$$f(n) = 2^{3n+1} + 3(5^{2n+1})$$

is divisible by 17

(6)

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8. The line l_1 has equation $\frac{x-2}{4} = \frac{y-4}{-2} = \frac{z+6}{1}$

The plane Π has equation $x - 2y + z = 6$

The line l_2 is the reflection of the line l_1 in the plane Π .

Find a vector equation of the line l_2

(7)

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