

Practice Tests Set 14 – Paper 2H-3H mark scheme, performance data and suggested grade boundaries

Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
<b>1</b>	$\tan x = \frac{3.4}{4.7}$ oe eg $\cos x = \frac{4.7}{\sqrt{3.4^2 + 4.7^2}}$ oe			M1 or $\sin x = \frac{3.4 \sin 90}{\sqrt{3.4^2 + 4.7^2}}$ oe
	$(x =) \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3.4}{4.7}\right)$ oe eg $(x =) \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{4.7}{\sqrt{3.4^2 + 4.7^2}}\right)$			M1 or $(x =) \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{3.4 \sin 90}{\sqrt{3.4^2 + 4.7^2}}\right)$ oe
		35.9	3	A1 accept 35.7 - 36.1
				<b>Total 3 marks</b>

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Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes	
2 a	$1.04 \times 3\,130\,000$ oe			M2 complete method to increase salary by 4%  M1 for $0.04 \times 3\,130\,000$ oe (= 125 200)	
		3 255 200	3	A1	
b	for $0.15 \times 750\,000$ oe (=112 500) or $0.85 \times 750\,000$ oe (=637 500)	750 000 $\times 0.85^3$		M1 For method to find depreciation for 1 year or value after 1 year	or M2 for $750\,000 \times 0.85^3$ (= 460 593.75) or $750\,000 \times 0.85^4$ (= 391 504.69)  (M1 for $750\,000 \times 0.85^2$ (= 541 875))
	$0.85 \times$ “637 500” oe (= 541 875) $0.85 \times$ “541 875” oe(= 460 593.75)			M1 for completing method	
		460 594	3	A1 accept 460 593 – 460 594	
				SC: if no other marks gained award M1 for $0.55 \times 750\,000$ oe (= 412 500) or $0.45 \times 750\,000$ oe (= 337 500)  accept $(1 - 0.15)$ as equivalent to 0.85 throughout	
				<b>Total 6 marks</b>	

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Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes	
<b>3</b>	a		1	B1 oe eg 50 - 60	
	b	$25 \times 6 + 35 \times 26 + 45 \times 31 + 55 \times 40 + 65 \times 17$ $(150 + 910 + 1395 + 2200 + 1105)(= 5760)$		M2 For correct products using midpoints (allow one error) with intention to add. M1 for products using frequency and a consistent value within the range (allow one error) with intention to add or correct products using midpoints (allow one error) without addition	
		“5760” ÷ “120”		M1 dep on M1	
			48	4	A1
					<b>Total 5 marks</b>
<b>4</b>		E.g. $1 - 0.2 (= 0.8)$ <b>or</b> $100(\%) - 20(\%) (= 80(\%))$ <b>or</b> $\frac{1080}{80} (= 13.5)$ oe	3	M1	
		E.g. $1080 \div 0.8$ or $1080 \div 80 \times 100$ or ‘13.5’ $\times 100$ $1080 \times 100 \div 80$		M1 for a complete method	
			1350	A1	
					<b>Total 3 marks</b>

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Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
5	$8.5^2 - (8 \div 2)^2 (= 56.25)$ or $\cos x = \frac{4}{8.5}$ oe			M1 or eg $\cos A = \frac{8^2 + 8.5^2 - 8.5^2}{2 \times 8 \times 8.5}$
	$\sqrt{56.25}$ (= 7.5) or $x = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{8.5}\right)$ (= 61.927...) oe			M1 or eg $(A =) \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{8^2 + 8.5^2 - 8.5^2}{2 \times 8 \times 8.5}\right)$ (61.927...) (other angle = 56.144...)
	$8 \times "7.5" \div 2$ oe or $0.5 \times 8 \times 8.5 \times \sin "61.927..."$			M1 or eg $0.5 \times 8.5 \times 8 \times \sin "61.927..."$ oe
		30	4	A1
				<b>Total 4 marks</b>

6	$\frac{x+10}{2} = 9$ or $x = 8$		4	M1 (indep)
	$\frac{4+7+x+10+y+y}{6} = 11$ oe or '66' - 4 - 7 - 10 (= 45)			M1 where $x$ may be a number $7 < x < 10$
	$(y =) (6 \times 11 - 4 - 7 - 10 - '8') \div 2$			M1 fit their median provided $7 < x < 10$ for a fully correct method
		$x = 8$ and $y = 18.5$ oe		A1
				<b>Total 4 marks</b>

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Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
7	$\pi \times 3^2 \times h = 72\pi$ oe			M1 Allow use of 3.14... or $\frac{22}{7}$ for $\pi$ and use of 226... for $72\pi$
	$h = 72\pi \div (\pi \times 3^2)$ oe <b>or</b> $h = 8$			M1 method to isolate $h$ (may be seen in several stages)
	$2 \times \pi \times 3^2 (= 18\pi$ or 56.54...) <b>or</b> $2 \times \pi \times 3 \times "8"$ oe (= $48\pi$ or 150 - 151)			M1 method to find the area of the two circles <b>or</b> curved surface area – use of their $h$ , dep on 1st M1 (NB may get this mark for total area of 2 circles with no previous marks awarded)
	$2 \times \pi \times 3^2 + 2 \times \pi \times 3 \times "8"$ oe (= $66\pi$ )			M1 method to find total surface area ft their $h$ dep on 1st M1, including intention to add, to find the total surface area
			207	5 A1 accept 207-208
				<b>Total 5 marks</b>

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Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
<b>8</b>	$(10 - 2) \times 180$ oe (= 1440) <b>or</b> $(6 - 2) \times 180$ oe (= 720)		4	M1 for a method to find the sum of the interior angles of a decagon or a hexagon
	'1440' - 148 - $2 \times 150$ - $2 \times 168$ - $2 \times 134$ - $2 \times 125$ (=138) <b>or</b> '1440' - 1302 (= 138) <b>or</b> '720' - $148 \div 2$ - 150 - 168 - 134 - 125 (= 69) <b>or</b> '720' - 651 (= 69)			M1 Allow omission of one angle
	$360 - '138'$ <b>or</b> $360 - 2 \times '69'$			M1
		222		A1
	<b>Alternative method (exterior angles)</b>			
	$360 - 2 \times (180 - 125) - 2 \times (180 - 134) - 2 \times (180 - 168) - 2 \times (180 - 150) - (180 - 148)$ <b>or</b> $360 - 2 \times 55 - 2 \times 46 - 2 \times 12 - 2 \times 30 - 32$		4	M2 If not M2 then award M1 for at least 3 or (180 - 125), (180 - 134), (180 - 168), (180 - 150), (180 - 148) <b>or</b> at least 3 of 55, 46, 12, 30, 32
	$180 + '42'$			M1
		222		A1
				<b>Total 4 marks</b>
<b>9</b>	$100 \div 28\ 440$ (= 0.0035...) <b>or</b> $28\ 440 \div (60 \times 60)$ (= 7.9)		3	M1
	'0.0035...' $\times 60 \times 60$ <b>or</b> $100 \div '7.9'$			M1
		13		A1 for 12.65 - 13
				<b>Total 3 marks</b>

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Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes	
<b>10</b>	$15 \times 60 \times 60 (= 54\,000)$ oe <b>or</b> $\frac{60}{12} \times 60 \times 15 (= 4500)$ oe <b>or</b> $5 \times \frac{60}{12} \times 60 (= 1500)$ oe		4	M1	M2 for $\frac{15 \times 60 \times 60 \times 5}{12}$ (= 22 500)
	'54000' $\div 12 \times 5 (= 22\,500)$ oe <b>or</b> '4500' $\times 5 (= 22\,500)$ oe <b>or</b> '1500' $\times 15 (= 22\,500)$ oe			M1	
	'22 500' $\times 0.002$ oe			M1	dep on M2 for a complete method
			45		A1
				<b>Total 4 marks</b>	

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Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
11	$ADC = 180 - 58 (= 122)$ or $EDF = 122$ or $CDE = 58$ or $ADF = 58$			M1 may be seen marked on the diagram
	e.g. $DEF = 58 \div 2$ or $DEF = (180 - 122) \div 2$			M1 complete method to find angle $DEF$
		29		A1
			5	B2 dep on M2 for fully correct reasons for their method (B1 dep on M1 for one correct reason stated and used) e.g. <u>Allied angles</u> , <u>co-interior angles</u> , <u>Alternate angles</u> , <u>Corresponding angles</u> , <u>Vertically opposite angles</u> are equal (or <u>Vertically opposite angles</u> are equal), <u>Angles on a straight line</u> add up to $180^\circ$ (or angles on a straight line add to <u>180</u> ), Sum of <u>two angles</u> in a triangle are equal to <u>opposite exterior angle</u> , <u>Angles in a triangle</u> add up to $180^\circ$ (or Angles in a <u>triangle</u> add up to <u>180</u> ), Base angles in an <u>isosceles triangle</u> <u>Angles in a quadrilateral</u> add up to 360. (accept “4-sided shape” or parallelogram) <u>Opposite angles</u> of a <u>parallelogram</u> are equal
				<b>Total 5 marks</b>



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Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
12	$(AX =) (17.6 - 8.4) \div 2 (= 4.6)$		6	M1 where $X$ is the foot of the perpendicular from $B$ to $AD$
	$0.5 \times (8.4 + 17.6) \times h = 179.4$ <b>or</b> $0.5 \times '4.6' \times h + 0.5 \times '4.6' \times h + 8.4 \times h = 179.4$ <b>or</b> $13 \times h = 179.4$			M1
	$(h =) 179.4 \div '13' (=13.8)$ <b>or</b> $(h =) 358.8 \div '26' (=13.8)$ <b>or</b>			M1
	$\tan ABX = \frac{'4.6'}{'13.8'}$ <b>or</b> $\tan BAX = \frac{'13.8'}{'4.6'}$			M1 ft their $h$ dep on second M1 $(AB =) \sqrt{'4.6'^2 + '13.8'^2} = \sqrt{211.6}$ $= (14.546\dots)$ <b>and</b> one from $\sin ABX = \frac{'4.6'}{\sqrt{211.6}}$ <b>or</b> $\sin BAX = \frac{'13.8'}{\sqrt{211.6}}$ <b>or</b> $\cos ABX = \frac{'13.8'}{\sqrt{211.6}}$ <b>or</b> $\cos BAX = \frac{'4.6'}{\sqrt{211.6}}$ <b>or</b> $\sin ABX = \frac{'4.6' \times \sin 90}{\sqrt{211.6}}$ <b>or</b> $\cos ABX = \frac{\sqrt{211.6} + '13.8'^2 - '4.6'^2}{2 \times \sqrt{211.6} \times '13.8'}$
	$(ABX =) \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{'4.6'}{'13.8'} \right) (= 18.4)$ <b>or</b> $(BAX =) \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{'13.8'}{'4.6'} \right) (= 71.6)$			M1
		108.4		A1 awrt 108.4
				<b>Total 6 marks</b>

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Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
13 (a)	$35 \div 10 (=3.5), 45 \div 15 (=3), 75 \div 15 (=5), 40 \div 20 (=2), (8 \div 10) = 0.8$		3	M1 for any two correct fd <b>or</b> two correct bars drawn of different widths
	$35 \div 10 (=3.5)$ <b>and</b> $45 \div 15 (=3)$ <b>and</b> $75 \div 15 (=5)$ <b>and</b> $40 \div 20 (=2)$ <b>and</b> $(8 \div 10) = 0.8$			M1 for all correct fd <b>or</b> at least 3 correct bars drawn
				A1 for a fully correct histogram with 'frequency density' (or fd) and scale on the axis labelled or appropriate key (SC: B2 for all five bars drawn of correct width with heights in the correct ratio) (SC: B1 for three bars drawn of correct width with heights in the correct ratio)
(b)	$10 \times 5 + 40 + 8$ or $\frac{2}{3} \times 75 + 40 + 8$		2	M1 ft from their histogram in (a) for a correct method
		98		A1
				<b>Total 5 marks</b>

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Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
14	$8000 \times \left( \frac{100+x}{100} \right)^6 = 8877.62 \text{ oe or}$ $8000 \times \left( 1 + \frac{x}{100} \right)^6 = 8877.62 \text{ oe or}$ $8000 \times (1+x\%)^6 = 8877.62 \text{ or}$ $8000 \times y^6 = 8877.62 \text{ oe}$		3	M1
	$\left( \frac{8877.62}{8000} \right)^{\frac{1}{6}} (=1.0175\dots) \text{ or}$ $(1.1097\dots)^{\frac{1}{6}} (=1.0175\dots)$			M1
		1.75		A1
				<b>Total 3 marks</b>

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Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
15	eg $\frac{4}{AC} = \tan 35$ oe or $\frac{AC}{4} = \tan 55$ oe or $\frac{AC}{\sin 55} = \frac{4}{\sin 35}$ oe or $CH = \frac{4}{\sin 35}$ oe (= 6.97...) and $\frac{AC}{"6.97"} = \cos 35$ oe or $CH = \frac{4}{\sin 35}$ oe (=6.97...) and $AC^2 = 6.97^2 - 4^2$ oe			M1 A correct trig statement involving <i>AC</i> or trig and then Pythagoras involving <i>AC</i>
	$(AC =) \frac{4}{\tan 35}$ oe eg $(AC =) 4 \tan 55$ (= 5.71...) or $(AC =) \frac{4 \sin 55}{\sin 35}$ or "6.97" × cos35 oe or $(AC =)$ $\sqrt{"6.97"{}^2 - 4^2}$			M1 complete method to find <i>AC</i>
	$(BC =) \sqrt{"5.71"{}^2 - 5^2}$ (= 2.76...)			M1 complete method to find <i>BC</i>
	$4 \times 5 \times "2.76..."$			M1 method to find volume
		55.3	5	A1 accept 55.1 – 55.5
				<b>Total 5 marks</b>

16	eg $76 \div (5 + 2 - 3)$ oe (= 19) or $5x + 2x - 3x = 76$ and $x = 76 \div (5 + 2 - 3)$ (=19) oe			M1 For a correct method to find the value of 1 share
	$3 \times "19"$ (= 57)			M1
	"57" – 48.5(0)			M1
		8.5(0)	4	A1
				<b>Total 4 marks</b>

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Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
17	$\sqrt{\frac{300}{108}}$ or $\sqrt{\frac{108}{300}}$ or $\sqrt{\frac{25}{9}}$ oe or $\sqrt{\frac{9}{25}}$ oe or $\left(\frac{300}{108}\right)^3 = \left(\frac{V}{135}\right)^2$ oe			M1 for a correct linear scale factor (fraction or ratio) or for the use of $\left(\frac{A_1}{A_2}\right)^3 = \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^2$
	$135 \times \left(\sqrt{\frac{300}{108}}\right)^3$ oe or $\sqrt{\frac{300^3}{108^3}} \times 135^2$ or $\sqrt{390625}$			M1
		625	3	A1
				<b>Total 3 marks</b>

18 (a)		$2 \times 3^{37}$	1	B1
(b)	$2 \times 3^{43} \times 2^4 \times 3^{37}$ or $2^5 \times 3^p$ ( $p \neq 80$ ) or $2^q \times 3^{80}$ ( $q \neq 5$ )		2	M1
		$2^5 \times 3^{80}$		A1
				<b>Total 3 marks</b>

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Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
19	$y = -\frac{7}{2}x(+10)$ or (gradient =) $-\frac{7}{2}$		4	B1 for correct gradient which may be seen in an equation. Condone $-\frac{7}{2}x$
	' $-\frac{7}{2}$ ', $m = -1$ or $(m =)$ ' $\frac{2}{7}$ '			M1 ft their gradient for use of $m_1 \times m_2 = -1$
	$-11 = \frac{2}{7} \times 6 + c$ or $y - -11 = \frac{2}{7}(x - 6)$ oe			M1 ft dep on M1
		$\left(0, -\frac{89}{7}\right)$		A1 accept $\left(0, -12\frac{5}{7}\right)$ must be exact values
				<b>Total 4 marks</b>

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20	5025 or 5.025 or 4975 or 4.975		4	B1 Accept 5024.9̇ for 5025 or 5.0249̇ for 5.025
	$1.845 \times 10^{-3}$ oe or $1.835 \times 10^{-3}$ oe			B1 Accept $1.8449̇ \times 10^{-3}$ for $1.845 \times 10^{-3}$
	$\frac{5.025}{1.835 \times 10^{-3}}$ (= 2738.4...) oe			M1 for correct substitution into $\frac{m_{UB}}{v_{LB}}$ where $5 < m_{UB} \leq 5.025$ and $1.835 \times 10^{-3} \leq v_{LB} < 1.84 \times 10^{-3}$
		2738.4		A1 dep on correct working
				<b>Total 4 marks</b>

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Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
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### Edexcel averages: scores of candidates who achieved grade

Qn	Skill tested	Mean score	Max score	Mean %	Edexcel averages: scores of candidates who achieved grade							
					ALL	9	8	7	6	5	4	3
1	Trigonometry	2.32	3	77	2.32	2.98	2.94	2.89	2.55	2.04	1.07	0.24
2	Percentages	4.92	6	82	4.92	5.89	5.66	5.39	5.15	4.61	3.77	2.59
3	Statistical measures	3.68	5	74	3.68	4.83	4.64	4.42	3.93	2.98	1.99	0.85
4	Applying number	2.02	3	67	2.02	2.91	2.58	2.28	1.96	1.56	0.90	0.48
5	Trigonometry	2.31	4	58	2.31	3.79	3.47	3.02	2.18	0.92	0.20	0.04
6	Statistical measures	2.30	4	58	2.30	3.75	3.27	2.80	2.05	1.18	0.60	0.09
7	3D shapes and volume	2.90	5	58	2.90	4.62	4.06	3.49	2.72	1.62	0.76	0.12
8	Polygons	2.21	4	55	2.21	3.76	3.30	2.65	1.87	1.04	0.46	0.18
9	Measures	1.73	3	58	1.73	2.78	2.47	1.93	1.57	0.96	0.59	0.28
10	Applying number	2.31	4	58	2.31	3.62	3.02	2.55	2.07	1.57	1.02	0.62
11	Angles, lines and triangles	2.42	5	48	2.42	3.95	3.19	2.69	2.08	1.66	0.86	0.43
12	Trigonometry and Pythagoras' Theorem	2.73	6	46	2.73	5.02	3.70	3.06	2.13	1.27	0.54	0.34
13	Graphical representation of data	1.63	5	33	1.63	3.55	2.32	1.62	0.93	0.49	0.19	0.11
14	Percentages	1.08	3	36	1.08	2.31	1.65	0.96	0.75	0.32	0.09	0.02
15	Trigonometry and Pythagoras' Theorem	1.69	5	34	1.69	4.39	2.55	1.29	0.40	0.09	0.04	0.00
16	Ratio and proportion	1.36	4	34	1.36	3.19	1.75	1.02	0.79	0.48	0.09	0.00
17	Similarity	0.99	3	33	0.99	2.54	1.48	0.73	0.34	0.09	0.04	0.04
18	Integers	0.90	3	30	0.90	2.27	1.23	0.65	0.40	0.14	0.06	0.01
19	Graphs	1.03	4	26	1.03	2.99	1.35	0.54	0.17	0.06	0.01	0.00
20	Degree of accuracy	0.67	4	17	0.67	1.95	0.81	0.43	0.17	0.07	0.01	0.00
		<b>38.88</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>38.88</b>	<b>68.11</b>	<b>52.50</b>	<b>41.52</b>	<b>31.66</b>	<b>21.11</b>	<b>12.22</b>	<b>6.20</b>

### Suggested grade boundaries

Grade	9	8	7	6	5	4	3
Mark	59	47	37	26	17	9	4